

Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd ABN 49 093 244 761

# Section 1 - Identification of Chemical Product and **Company**

Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd

8/16 Theodore St Eagle farm, Qld 4009 Phone: 07 3268 5077 Fax: 07 3268 6477

Email: info@freedomfuels.com.au

ABN 49 093 244 761

**Emergency Contacts:** Transport & Terminalling 0400 334 634

> 0448 132 812 Retail: Workplace Health & Safety 0407 599 508

Substance: Aliphatic alcohol.

E85 Fuel Ethanol **Trade Name:** 

Other Names: E85. Fuel Ethanol. Denatured Ethanol. **Product Use:** Ethanol based fuel for flex-fuel vehicles.

**Creation Date:** July, 2009

This version issued: **July, 2009** and is valid for 5 years from this date.

### Section 2 - Hazards Identification

#### **Statement of Hazardous Nature**

This product is classified as: T, Toxic. F+, Highly Flammable. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA. Dangerous according to the Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code.

Risk Phrases: R11, R48, R67. Highly flammable. Danger of serious damage to health by prolonged exposure. Vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

**Safety Phrases:** S9, S16, S23, S29, S33, S36, S40, S45, S62, S24/25. Keep container in a well ventilated place. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Do not breathe vapours. Do not empty into drains. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Wear suitable protective clothing. To clean the floor and all objects contaminated by this material, use water. In case of accident or if you feel unwell, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre immediately (show the label where possible). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting: seek medical advice immediately and show this MSDS. Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

**SUSDP Classification:** None allocated.

ADG Classification: Class 3: Flammable liquids. UN Number: 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

#### **Emergency Overview**

Physical Description & Colour: Clear, colourless liquid.

**Odour:** Characteristic fuel odour.

Major Health Hazards: may cause serious damage to health by prolonged exposure, vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness.

#### **Potential Health Effects**

#### Inhalation:

Short Term Exposure: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort or irritation.

**Long Term Exposure:** No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

This revision issued: July, 2009

Issued by: Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd. Phone: 07 3268 5077.

Emergency contacts: Transport & Terminalling: 0400 334 634; Retail: 0448 132 812; Workplace Health & Safety: 0407 599 508

Poisons Information Centre: 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

**Product Name: E85 Fuel Ethanol** 



Page: 1 of 6

#### **Skin Contact:**

**Short Term Exposure:** Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. It should present no hazards in normal use. In addition product is unlikely to cause any discomfort in normal use.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

#### **Eye Contact:**

**Short Term Exposure:** This product may be irritating to eyes, but is unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

#### Ingestion

**Short Term Exposure:** Significant oral exposure is considered to be unlikely. However, this product may be irritating to mucous membranes but is unlikely to cause anything more than transient discomfort.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

#### **Carcinogen Status:**

**SWA:** Unleaded Petrol is classified by SWA as a Class 2 Carcinogen, likely to be carcinogenic to humans. See the SWA website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

**NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP. **IARC:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by IARC.

# **Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients**

Ingredients	CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
Ethanol	64-17-5	92-98	1880	not set
Unleaded petrol	8006-61-9	15	900	not set
Corrosion inhibitor	secret	9ppm	not set	not set

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equalled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

### **Section 4 - First Aid Measures**

#### **General Information:**

You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this MSDS with you when you call.

**Inhalation:** First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

**Skin Contact:** Irritation is unlikely. However, if irritation does occur, flush with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until chemical is removed.

**Eye Contact:** No effects expected. If irritation does occur, flush contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 5 minutes or until the product is removed. Obtain medical advice if irritation becomes painful or lasts more than a few minutes. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

**Ingestion:** If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

## **Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures**

**Fire and Explosion Hazards**: There is a moderate risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and appropriate precautions. Any explosion will likely spread the fire to surrounding materials. Water spray may be used to cool drums involved in a fire, reducing the chances of an explosion. Vapours from this product are heavier than air and may accumulate in sumps, pits and other low-lying spaces, forming potentially explosive mixtures. They may also flash back considerable distances. Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures.

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

This revision issued: July, 2009

Issued by: Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd. Phone: 07 3268 5077.

Emergency contacts: Transport & Terminalling: 0400 334 634; Retail: 0448 132 812; Workplace Health & Safety: 0407 599 508 Poisons Information Centre: 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)

performance with responsibility

renew performance with responsibility

Product Name: E85 Fuel Ethanol

**Extinguishing Media:** Suitable extinguishing media are carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Do not use water jets. Alcohol resistant foam is the preferred firefighting medium but, if it is not available, normal foam can be used. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses.

**Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is a danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is full fire kit and breathing apparatus. DO NOT FIGHT FIRE WHEN IT REACHES MATERIAL. Withdraw from fire and let it burn. Burns with a colourless flame. Prevent spillage from entering drains or water course. Fight fire from a safe distance, with adequate cover. Do not approach containers suspected to be hot – cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected location. If safe to do so remove containers from path of fire.

Flash point: (Abel)

Upper Flammability Limit: 19% Lower Flammability Limit: 3.3% Autoignition temperature: 365°C

Flammability Class: Highly Flammable

### **Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures**

**Accidental release:** In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Immediately call the Fire Brigade. As a minimum, wear overalls, goggles and gloves. Suitable materials for protective clothing include rubber, PVC. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. It should be fitted with a type A cartridge, suitable for organic vapours.

Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Avoid using sawdust or other combustible material. Any electrical equipment should be non-sparking. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

## **Section 7 - Handling and Storage**

**Handling:** Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this MSDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

**Storage:** Store in a cool, well ventilated area, and make sure that surrounding electrical devices and switches are suitable. Check containers periodically for leaks. Containers should be kept closed in order to minimise contamination and possible evaporation. Make sure that the product does not come into contact with substances listed under "Incompatibilities" in Section 10. If you keep more than 2500kg or L of Dangerous Goods of Packaging Group II, you may be required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

# **Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection**

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment: Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Industrial Clothing: **AS2919**, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.



SWA Exposure Limits TWA (mg/m³) STEL (mg/m³)

Ethanol 1880 not set Unleaded petrol 900 not set

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems.

**Ventilation:** This product should only be used in a well ventilated area. If natural ventilation is inadequate, use of a fan is suggested.

**Eye Protection:** Eye protection such as protective glasses or goggles is recommended when this product is being used.

**Skin Protection:** The information at hand indicates that this product is not harmful and that normally no special skin protection is necessary. However, we suggest that you routinely avoid contact with all chemical products and that you wear suitable gloves (preferably elbow-length) when skin contact is likely.

**Protective Material Types:** We suggest that protective clothing be made from the following materials: rubber, PVC.

**Respirator:** Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above.

Safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being used.

# **Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:**

Physical Description & colour: Clear, colourless liquid.
Odour: Characteristic fuel odour.

**Boiling Point:** 78°C at 100kPa

**Freezing/Melting Point:** No specific data. Liquid at normal temperatures.

Volatiles:Completely volatile at 100°C.Vapour Pressure:5.3kpa at 20°C (ethanol)Vapour Density:1.59 (ethanol); 3.5 (ULP).Specific Gravity:0.78 approx at 20°C

Water Solubility: Completely soluble (the ethanol will dissolve ULP if mixed with water).

pH: No data.

Volatility: No data.

Odour Threshold: No data.

Evaporation Rate: No data.

Coeff Oil/water Distribution: No data

Autoignition temp: 365°C

# **Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity**

**Reactivity:** This product is unlikely to react or decompose under normal storage conditions. However, if you have any doubts, contact the supplier for advice on shelf life properties.

**Conditions to Avoid:** This product should be kept in a cool place, preferably below 30°C. Keep containers tightly closed. Keep containers and surrounding areas well ventilated. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Handle and open containers carefully. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should be flame proofed.

**Incompatibilities:** strong oxidising agents.

**Fire Decomposition:** Carbon dioxide, and if combustion is incomplete, carbon monoxide and smoke. Water. Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

**Polymerisation:** This product will not undergo polymerisation reactions.

# **Section 11 - Toxicological Information**

**Local Effects:** 

**Target Organs:** There is no data to hand indicating any particular target organs.

LD<sub>50</sub> (Oral), Rat 7060 (for ethanol only).



This revision issued: July, 2009

Issued by: Freedom Fuels Australia Pty Ltd. Phone: 07 3268 5077.

Emergency contacts: Transport & Terminalling: 0400 334 634; Retail: 0448 132 812; Workplace Health & Safety: 0407 599 508

Poisons Information Centre: 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia, (0800 764 766 in New Zealand)



Product Name: E85 Fuel Ethanol

Page: 4 of 6

#### **Classification of Hazardous Ingredients**

Ingredient Risk Phrases

Lead exposure has been associated with increased risk of lung, stomach, and bladder cancer in diverse human populations. In studies of humans occupationally exposed to lead, there is evidence to suggest that lead damages chromosomes or DNA. In most studies, lead caused micronucleus formation, chromosomal aberrations, and DNA damage, but studies on sister chromatid exchange gave conflicting results. Genetic studies on humans environmentally exposed to lead also gave conflicting results. Lead did not cause mutations in bacteria, and results from test systems using mammalian cells were conflicting. A report may be found at <a href="http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/ntp/roc/eleventh/profiles/s101lead.pdf">http://ntp.niehs.nih.gov/ntp/roc/eleventh/profiles/s101lead.pdf</a>

Occupational exposure in excess of the limits may increase the risk for persons with pre-existing symptoms. Occupational exposures will add to overall exposures from ingestion of drinks containing alcohol and any health effects resulting from such exposures. Ethanol exposure can interfere with absorption of drugs. Although not classified as carcinogenic ethanol is known to be toxic to the male reproductive system and may result in foetal alcohol syndrome in newborns if ingested during pregnancy.

# **Section 12 - Ecological Information**

This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term problems. Expected to not be an environmental hazard.

#### For ethanol:

Fish: LC<sub>50</sub> rainbow trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss): 12900-15300mg/L

Bacteria  $EC_{50} = 34900 \text{mg/L} (5-30 \text{min})$ 

## **Section 13 - Disposal Considerations**

**Disposal:** This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable, consider controlled incineration, or landfill.

# **Section 14 - Transport Information**

ADG Code: 1993, FLAMMABLE LIQUID, N.O.S.

Hazchem Code: 3YE Special Provisions: 274

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 1 L for this class of product.

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 3: Flammable liquids.

Packaging Group: Ⅱ

Packaging Method: P001, IBC02

Class 3 Flammable Liquids shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 2.1 (Flammable Gases where flammable liquids and flammable gases are both in bulk), 2.3 (Toxic Gases), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides), 6 (Toxic Substances, except Flammable Liquid is nitromethane), and 7 (Radioactive Substances). They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 2.1 (Flammable Gases except where the Flammable Liquids and Flammable Gases are in bulk), 2.2 (Non-Flammable Non-Toxic Gases), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 6 (Toxic Substances, except where Flammable Liquid is nitromethane), 8 (Corrosive Substances), 9 (Miscellaneous Dangerous Goods), Foodstuffs or foodstuff empties.

## **Section 15 - Regulatory Information**

AICS: All of the significant ingredients in this formulation are compliant with NICNAS regulations.



Page: 5 of 6

### **Section 16 - Other Information**

This MSDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

**Acronyms:** 

**ADG Code** Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7<sup>th</sup> edition)

AICS

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances

SWA

Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC

CAS number

Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to emergency

services especially firefighters

IARC International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

R-Phrase Risk Phrase

SUSDP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs & Poisons

**UN Number** United Nations Number

THIS MSDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS MSDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This MSDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "National Code of Practice for the Preparation of Material Safety Data Sheets" 2nd Edition [NOHSC:2011(2003)]

Copyright © Kilford & Kilford Pty Ltd, July, 2009. http://www.kilford.com.au/ Phone (02)9251 4532

